

changed since you left us. In place of that noble love of liberty •and Republican government which carried us triumphantly through the war, an Anglican monarchical and aristocratical party has sprung up, whose avowed object is to draw over us the substance as they have already done the forms of the British Government. The main body of our citizens, however, remain true to their Republican privileges; the whole land's interest is Republican, and so is a great mass of talent. Against us are the Executive, the Judiciary, two out of three branches of the legislature, all the officers of the government, all who want to be officers, all timid men who prefer the calm of despotism to the boisterous sea of liberty, British merchants and Americans trading on British capitals, speculators and holders in the banks and public funds. It would give you; a fever were I to name to you the apostates who' have gone over to these heresies, men who were Samsons in the field and Solomons in the council, but who have had their heads shorn by the harlot England. In short, we are likely to preserve the liberty we have obtained only by unremitting labors and perils. But we shall preserve it; and our mass of weight and wealth on the good side is so great as to leave no danger that force will ever be attempted against us. We have only to awake and snap the Lilliputian cords with which they have been entangling us during the first sleep which succeeded our labors. (To Philip Mazzei, 1796. F. VII, 75-)

MONARCHY.—A second class, at the head of which is our quondam colleague (Hamilton), are ardent for the introduction of monarchy, eager for armies, making more noise for a great naval establishment than better patriots who wish it on a national scale only, commensurate to our wants and our means. This class ought to be tolerated but not trusted. (To Henry Knox, 1801. F. VIII., 36.)

MONARCHY.—When I arrived at New York in 1790, to take a part in the administration, being fresh from the French revolution, while in its first and pure stage, and consequently somewhat whetted up in my Republican principles, I found a state of things, in the general society of the place, which I could not